Argentina – National Technological University: Virtual Training Programme for Researchers

Established in 1948, the National Technological University is a country-wide university in Argentina operating in 29 semi-independent branches of various sizes located all over the country.

Student numbers					
More than 100 thousand students	20-100 thousand students	1-20 thousand students	No data		
data not provided]	Core Fu	nding			
	Qualification	ns offered			
Vocational qualification (ISCED 3-4)		Master's degree or equivalent (ISCED 7)			
Associate degree or equivalent (ISCED 5)		Doctoral degree or equivalent (ISCED 8)			
Undergraduate degree or equivalent (ISCED 6)		Informal recognition (e.g. badges)			
No formal/non-formal credits or qualifications / independent study		Other			
	Subjects o	offered			
Generic programmes and qualifications		Information and communication technologies			
Education		Engineering			
Arts and humanities		Agriculture & veterinary			
Social sciences, journalism and information		Health and welfare			
Business, administration and law		Security, transport, hygiene and public health services			
Natural sciences, mathematics and statistics		Other: Research skills			

Business Model

Fixed-core model

Defender-related characteristics versus Prospector-related characteristics



Business Model: Additional Information

The business model focuses on using digital technologies to reach existing markets via traditional channels using the same or similar products and services as in the past.

Organisation of learning provision			
Primarily campus provision	Primarily distance learning provision (correspondence)	Primarily online provision	

Technology-enhanced learning elements

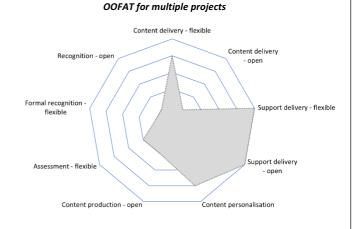
Massive Open Online Course (MOOC)	Virtual Learning Environment (VLE)	
Open Educational Resources (OER)	Wikis	
Digital Badging	Videoconference	
Learning Analytics	Teleconference	
Artificial Intelligence	Learning Management System (LMS)	
E-Portfolios	Mobile Learning	
Blogging and micro-blogging	Bring Your Own Device (BYOD)	
Social Media	Online Assessment	
Other		

TEL Strategy

It tends to include more mobile learning.

OOFAT Model

Interpretation: The closer the line moves towards the centre, the more fixed and institution-specific the approach taken by the institution. The further from the centre, the more flexible and open the approach.



OOFAT Model: Additional Information

Content

Common core content and extra content provided depending on each student's needs/interests. Content produced by experts who include OER in their designs. Non-commercial shareable materials are chosen.

Delivery

Minimum synchronic compulsory instances are set just to comply with the local laws concerning formal education and accreditation. For the time being, content is open to faculty and students of the university only. There are instances of self-access to support and to human support at request. Academic/teaching staff provides support over e-mail, WhatsApp and telephone (land + mobile)

Recognition

There are due dates that may be extended if requested. Accreditation norms require faculty assessment. Recognition can only be achieved through the compliance of formal steps. National norms determine that institutional recognition is the only valid one.